What are the physical and chemical conditions that control subduction zone initiation and the development of mature arc systems?

- Topic 1: Subduction initiation SI.
- Initial tectonic state
- Subsequent evolution of kinematics, deformation, magma compositions
- Early products of SI
- Topic 2: 3D structure/ geometry/ rates/ magmatism over time.
- Evolution of subduction \& magmatism in space and time in mature systems.

What programmatic elements require a "thematic" approach and what is the proper balance between this and primary site efforts?

- Subduction initiation:
- General consensus for thematic approach
- Only active SI is Puysegur Ridge, not likely to be a focus site in other groups \& synergy with NZ partners.
- Simultaneous SI in Pacific (Tonga, IBM, Aleutians, Cascadia).
- Different end-members (induced vs spontaneous)
- Ophiolites (e.g. Josephine/Siletzia) as onshore site to map detailed structure of SI forearc.

What are the optimal Primary Sites for concentrated, collaborative investigations?

- 3D structure/geometry/rates/ magmatism:
- Could be adequately addressed at almost any of the likely focus sites (not ranked).
- Aleutians
- Cascadia
- Comparisons to MARGINS sites (Costa Rica and IBM) or other ancillary sites (Tonga, Sumatra) could use a more thematic approach.

What specific types of experiments or observations are needed?

- SI: Site dependent
- Circum-Pacific
- Basic geology, geochemistry, geochronology, \& 3D geophysics (crustal structure), stratigraphy (uplift extension history).
- Puysegur: also want imaging of the slab \& geodetic (OB).
- Ophiolites:
- Basic geology, geochemistry, geochronology, petrology and deformation flow fabrics.
- 3D-T:
- Structural geology and kinematic constraints on overriding plate deformation.
- Geology, geochemistry, geochronology of magmatism (extrusive/ intrusive) for long time periods (10-50 my).
- Seismic observations of crustal structure.
- Use along-strike spatial variations as proxy for time evolution (AlaskaAleutians?)


## What is achievable in 3 to 5 years? What is achievable in 10 years?

- SI:
- 3-5 yrs:
- new information about timing of SI in several circumPacific systems.
- Transects and/or large-scale mapping of ophiolites.
- 5-10 yrs:
- Puysegur ridge characterization (structure, sampling, drill core?? etc...)
- 3D:
- 3-5 yrs: basic petrology, geochemistry of magmatism in space/time
- $5-10$ yrs: seismic crustal structure (aleutians?); integration of data collected with geodynamic models.

